Djanogly
City Academy
Gregory Boulevard
Nottingham
NG7 6ND

Tel GB: 0115 942 1300
Tel SR: 0115 942 4422

www.djanogly.notts.sch.uk

Principal ~ Mr Andy Smith

Permission to enter the premises

In order to safeguard our scholars, we monitor carefully who enters the school building. Schools are not public places and anyone who enters without permission of the principal is trespassing. Parents have "implied permission" to enter and be on the premises for reasons relating to their child / children's education. This means that parents are welcome to come to the school to drop off and collect their children, subject to any restrictions that may apply to vehicle access to the site, to speak to teachers and other members of staff about their children, or for meetings, parents' evenings and social events. Parents do not have a legal right to enter or be on the school's premises without a good reason. Whenever possible we will admit parents to meet with school staff when desired, but this is not always feasible as staff may not be available. We will of course contact the parent at the earliest possible convenience to arrange an appropriate time.

Withdrawal of permission to enter the site and premises

Whilst some groups of people, such as parents, have an "implied licence" to enter school premises, this may be withdrawn in the event of inappropriate conduct. (See below for examples of what constitutes inappropriate conduct.) The principal has the right to withdraw the "implied permission" for a parent or visitor to enter or be on the premises, if their behaviour while they were previously on the premises was unacceptable. The withdrawal of the "implied permission" will be effective as soon as the parent or other visitor has been told that they must leave and are prohibited from returning and will be confirmed in writing. We would only take this step if we felt there was a risk posed to our staff or to scholars.

Once the "implied permission" has been withdrawn, the school will ask the police to remove the parent or visitor if they appear on the premises. If the parent or visitor causes a nuisance or disturbance while they are on the school's premises, they may also be prosecuted in the criminal courts under Section 547 of the Education Act 1996 and have a criminal conviction recorded against them. It is an offence under section 547 of the Education Act 1996 for any person (including a parent) to cause a nuisance or disturbance on school premises, such as trespass, public order and criminal damage. Under section 547 school staff have a right to make a report to the police and request their assistance under such circumstances.

Should parents or carers be banned, the responsibility to make alternative arrangements for bringing children to school is that of the parent/carer.

Visitors Code of Conduct

We expect visitors to:

- Understand that both teachers and parents/carers need to work together for the benefit of their children.
- Demonstrate that all members of the school community should be treated with respect and therefore set a good example in their own speech and behaviour.
- Seek to clarify a child's version of events with the school's view in order to bring about a peaceful solution to any issue.
- Correct their own child's behaviour especially in public where it could otherwise lead to conflict, aggressive behaviour or unsafe behaviour.
- Approach the school to help resolve any issues of concern.
- Avoid using staff as threats to admonish children's behaviour.

What constitutes inappropriate behaviour?

Types of behaviour that are considered serious and unacceptable and will not be tolerated towards any member of the school community: This is not an exhaustive list but seeks to provide illustrations of such behaviour:

- Rudeness
- Physical or verbal aggression
- Shouting, either in person or over the telephone
- Swearing, either in person or over the telephone
- Emails which are sarcastic, combative or aggressive in tone and language
- Constant emails and/or phone calls which amount to harassment and intimidation, despite the school's best efforts to address a situation
- Inappropriate posting on social networking sites which could bring the school into disrepute or be deemed as bullying including publishing abusive or inappropriate content with regards to the school, teachers or students on social networking websites such as Facebook and Twitter or in email communication
- Any form of physical violence, such as pushing or hitting
- Physical intimidation, e.g. standing unnecessarily close to her/him
- The use of rude or aggressive hand gestures, including shaking or holding a fist towards another person
- Approaching someone else's child in order to discuss or chastise them because of their actions towards your own children
- Smoking and consumption of alcohol or illegal drugs on school premises
- Dogs being brought on to school premises with the exception of assistance dogs
- Damaging or destroying school property
- Racist or sexist comments including sexual innuendo